Metric 15.4

AY 2024 - 2025

Saint Louis University

Supporting Land Ecosystems Through Action



Indicator 15.4.1

AY 2024 - 2025

Saint Louis University

Water discharge guidelines and standards



SLU's Commitment to Clean Water, Safe Land, and Sustainable Ecosystems

Saint Louis University (SLU) maintains strict water quality standards and discharge control measures to ensure effluent released university operations is safe for ecosystems, wildlife, and human health. Guided by its Institutional Risk Register and Annual Operational Plan, SLU integrates pollution prevention, wastewater risk management, and regulatory compliance into its campuswide environmental governance.

The University operates multiple DENR-permitted Sewage Treatment Plants (STPs) that apply advanced treatment processes. The University holds an approved Discharge Permit by the Department Environment and Natural Resources -Environmental Management Bureau (DENR-EMB), in compliance with Republic Act 9275 (Philippine Clean Water Act of 2004). This permit governs the safe and regulated discharge of treated wastewater from the campus.

To uphold water quality, SLU submits Quarterly Self-Monitoring Reports (SMRs) validated by DENR-accredited laboratories. These reports consistently confirm that key effluent parameters remain well within allowable limits, ensuring that discharges pose no harm to receiving environments.





Date: Dec 03, 2024

Permit No.: DP-CAR-24-12174

WASTEWATER DISCHARGE PERMIT

ant to Section 14, Article 2, of the RA 9275 otherwise known as the "Philippine Clean Water Act of 2004", this permit is hereby granted to Saint Louis University - Sacred Heart Medical Center with office address at Assumption Road Extension, Kagitingan, Baguio City, Benguet for its establishment:

SAINT LOUIS UNIVERSITY - SACRED HEART MEDICAL CENTER	ASSUMPTION ROAD EXTENSION KAGITINGAN BAGUIO CITY BENGUET
TIN No. 000-906-727-000	

CONDITIONS

The Permittee shall be allowed to discharge effluent from the one (1) unit SEWAGE TREATMENT PLANT (STP) - Advanced Oxidation System using combined Filtration and Ozonation into the <u>Ballit River</u> not to exceed **two hundred (200) cubic meters per day** during the validity of this Permit and that it shall comply with the following standards for <u>Class "B" Freshwater</u>:

Parameter	Standards	Parameter	Standards	
Color	100 TCU	Temperature	3°C Change	
pH (Range)	6.0 - 9.0	Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD)	30 mg/L	
Total Suspended Solids (TSS)	85 mg/L	Fecal Coliform	200 MPN/100 mL	
Ammonia as NH3-N	3 mg/L	Nitrate as NO:-N	14 mg/L	
Phosphate as Phosphorus (Total, Reactive)	1.5 mg/L	Oil and Grease	5 mg/L	
Surfactants (MBAS)	3 mg/L			

Reference for effluent parameters: DAO 2016-08 and DAO 2021-19; PSIC Code - 86, 87.

- standards.

Quarter	Coverage	Submission	Quarter	Coverage	Submission
First	Jan - Mar	1-15 Apr	Third	Jul - Sep	1-15 Oct
Second	Apr - Jun	1-15 Jul	Fourth	Oct - Dec	1-15 Jan

- 4. Include effluent analysis of the above parameters conducted by Third Party Laboratory duly recognized by EMB, in every submission of the SMRs.
- Observe proper disposal of dried/accumulated studge. Include the proof of compliance in the SMR Measure and record every effluent discharge from the STP. Include in every submission of the SMRs
- In case of the resignation or termination of the services of the Pollution Control Officer (PCO), the Managing Head shall appoint/designate a new PCO. He/She shall inform, in writing, the concerned EMB Regional Office within fifteen (15) days and seek accreditation for the new PCO within thirty (30) calendar days from the date of the resignation or termination. Meantime, the Managing Head shall



Chem ENVIRONMENTAL TESTING LABORATORY CORPORATION Satellite Office: G/F ASCORP Bidg, Mc Arthur Highway, Dolores, City of San Fernando, Pampanga Satellite Office: G/F ASCORP Bidg, Mc Arthur Highway, Dolores, City of San Fernando, Pampanga Sales: 0942-316-2538 - 0945-798-6962 | (045) 435-2795

Email: cchemenvironmental@gmail.con

TEST REPORT

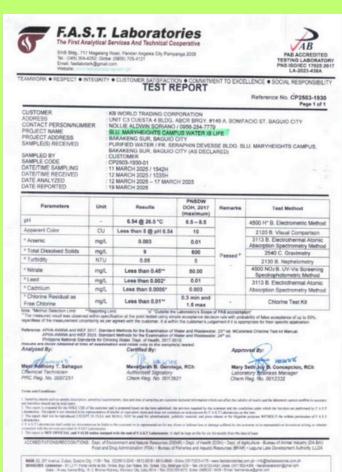
		IL.	31 1	LPUKI				
Client: Saint Louis University, Inc. Address: A. Bonifacio St., Bagulo City Contact Person: Engr. Jaymarie Pedro COC Number: 2025-P0381				Test Report No.: Date and Time Re Sumpled by: Report Date:	ceived: 25 Jun 202 ECHEM			
Sample ID: S25-F25-009W Sample Description: Effluent Sample McCris. Wastewater				Sampling Date: Sampling Time: Sampling Location:	25 Jun 2025 09:25 AM SLU Main Campus :			
Parameter	Result	Unit	Limit	Met	hod	Date Analyzed	Analyst	
Fecal Coliform	<1.8	MPPV100 mL	200	Multiple Tube Fermentation Technique		25 Jun 2025 @GR:00PM	JFS	
Ammonia as NH _y -N	0.02	mg/L	3.0	Phenate		04 Jul 2025	KSL	
Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD _s)	42	mg/L	30	5-Day BOD Test		25 Jun-80 Jun 2025	SSL	
Nitrate as NO ₃ -N	1.9	mg/L	14	Colorimetric, Brucine		25 Jun 2025	RRM	
Oil and Grease	<1	mg/L	5	Liquid-Liquid, Partition Gravimetric		02 Jul 2025	RRM	
Phosphate	0.05	me/L	1.5	Stannous Chloride		26 Jun 2025	CSF	

Additionally, through the "Water is Life" program, SLU performs monthly bacteriological testing by the Health Services Office of the City, and semi-annual chemical and physical analyses by accredited laboratories to ensure water safety and quality across the campuses.

These programs are overseen by accredited Pollution Control Officers (PCOs) under the Campus Planning, Maintenance, and Security Department (CPMSD), with designated PCOs assigned to each campus. The PCOs ensure proper implementation, regular monitoring, and compliance with environmental regulations. Together, these efforts reflect SLU's commitment to sustainable water management and environmental protection, with policies and programs that are implemented and monitored regularly.



Bacteriological Test of Purified Water



Chemical and Physical Analysis of Purified Water



SLU also implements comprehensive guidelines for aquatic facilities, ensuring that the University's state-of-the-art swimming pools and other water-related amenities are managed in an environmentally responsible way. These guidelines include best practices for pool water treatment, chemical dosing, and filtration, which reduce the frequency of draining and refilling while maintaining strict water quality standards. The Olympic-size swimming pool, for instance, saves an estimated 1.57 million liters annually through its shade structure, improved chemical management, and integration with the STPs. By linking recreational and athletic facilities with water recycling systems, SLU minimizes pollution risks while extending the lifecycle of water resources.

